



PVG Asset Management Corporation
LOSS AVERSE INVESTING

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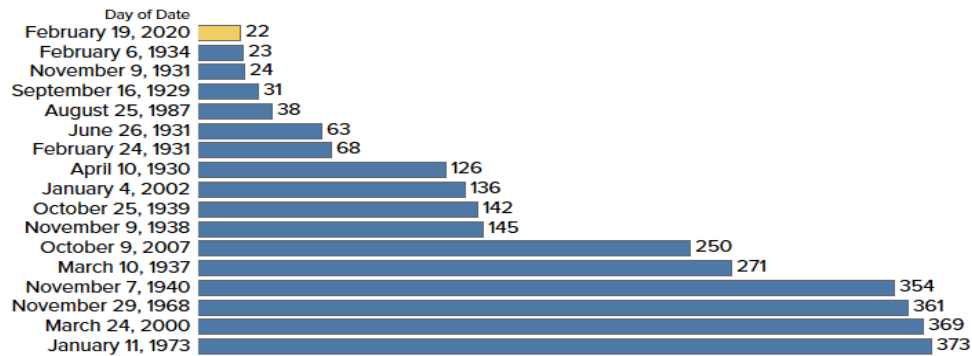
DYNAMIC CORE STRATEGY

UPDATE JULY 2020

Reviewing the first half performance and market action, it was quite volatile with the S&P 500 falling -35% in about one month. The market decline of over 30% was the fastest on record, followed by a historical rally over the ensuing three months.

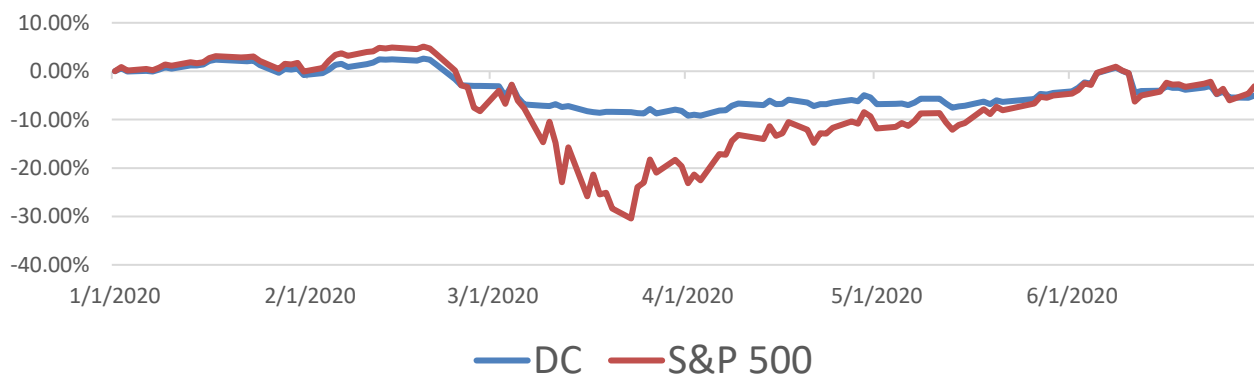
Stocks post fastest 30 percent drop ever

It's not often the S&P 500 stock index drops 30 percent. Here's how many trading days it took for the latest such pullback.



We performed very well as the market fell, the strategy quickly became defensive. At the worse point in the market down -35% from high to low, the Dynamic Core strategy was down about -10% from high to low. The strategy uses our proprietary technical algorithm to adjust our market exposure to the S&P 500. As the market broke certain moving averages, on the way down, the strategy became defensive, reducing market exposure by reducing our investment in S&P 500 ETFs and then hedging the positions. We believe, compared to other tactical managers, our speed of getting defensive is far superior, which saves investors' capital greatly during bear markets. Our strategy performed very well during this decline.

Daily Performance 01/01/20 - 06/30/20 Dynamic Core vs S&P 500



The strategy is also quick to get back invested. Many tactical managers use the 200-day moving average as a buy signal, we use shorter term moving averages as well. The philosophy of the strategy is to buy low and sell high. Because the rebound was so quick and unrepresented some of the shorter-term moving averages were still above the 200-day when the market was rebounding. Otherwise, we would have captured much more of the rebound. We believe the quick rebound was an extremely unusual occurrence that will not likely be repeated.

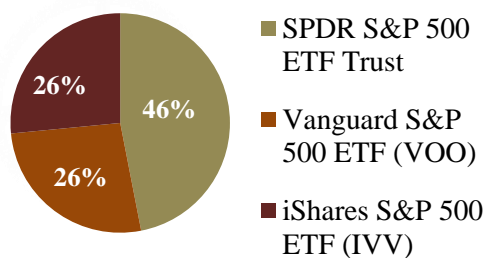
At quarter end we were fully invested but do expect a lot of volatility into the election in November.

The Dynamic Core strategy's goal is to achieve the returns of the market while the market is advancing, but when the market declines, take the risk out by moving to a Beta of zero (equal long and short) by hedging the portfolio. We use various moving averages to temper the downside as the market drops and to quickly increase the market exposure after a market decline.

Over time, we believe the strategy will significantly outperform the S&P 500, by avoiding major bear markets, but by also lessening the loss during shorter pullbacks as well.

The Dynamic Core strategy is driven strictly from a technical algorithm, using the trend of the moving averages. We have found the most effective method to give the timing to protect portfolios, or to ride the market higher, using various moving averages, not having any human judgment.

Current Allocation



DYNAMIC CORE PERFORMANCE FEBRUARY 20, 2020 (NET OF FEES)

	DYNAMIC CORE
YTD	-4.97%

If you would like a copy of the Zephyr Analysis or if you would like to discuss how the Dynamic Core fits into your portfolios, please call us at 303.874.7478 or email us at information@pvgasset.com to schedule an introductory call.

*****Minimum Investment is \$25,000*****

Risk Considerations:

Past performance is not a guarantee of future results.

Performance results are presented in U.S. dollars and are Net of any actual fees and reflect the reinvestment of dividends and capital gains. Actual fees may vary based on, among other factors, account size and custodial relationship. Model results are before the deduction of advisory fees, brokerage or other commissions, and any other expenses that a client would have paid or actually paid. *Annual returns are compounded over the specified period. No current or prospective client should assume future performance of any specific investment strategy will be profitable or equal to past performance levels. All investment strategies have the potential for profit or loss. Changes in investment strategies, contributions or withdrawals may cause the performance results of your portfolio to differ materially from the reported composite performance. Different types of investments involve varying degrees of risk, and there can be no assurance that any specific investment will either be suitable or profitable for a client's investment portfolio. Historical performance results for market indices generally do not reflect the deduction of transaction and/or custodial charges or the deduction of an investment-management fee, the incurrence of which would have the effect of decreasing historical performance results. Economic factors, market conditions, and investment strategies will affect the performance of any portfolio and there are no assurances that it will match or outperform any particular benchmark or index. The model portfolio will have materially different volatility than the given index. Portfolios in the composite utilize inverse index products. Inverse ETFs are considered risky. The use of inverse strategies by a fund increases the risk to the fund and magnifies gains or losses on the investment. You could incur significant losses even if the long-term performance of the underlying index showed a gain or loss. Most inverse ETFs "reset" daily. Due to the effect of compounding, their performance over longer periods of time can differ significantly from the performance of their underlying index or benchmark during the same period of time. Exchange traded funds (ETFs) are offered by prospectus only. Investors should consider a fund's investment objective, risks, charges, and expenses carefully before investing. The prospectus, which contains this and other important information, is available from your Financial Advisor and should be read carefully before investing. The investment return and principal value of an investment will fluctuate, so that an investor's shares, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than their original cost. ETFs trade like stocks and may trade for less than their net asset value. The S&P500 Total Return Index is the total return version of the S&P 500 Index which includes the effects of reinvested dividends. The S&P 500 Index is a capitalization-weighted index of 500 stocks designed to measure performance of the broad domestic economy through changes in the aggregate market value of 500 stocks representing all major industries. Inception of the strategy is 12/31/2014. Previous results of the composite are accrued from a back tested model utilizing PVG's proprietary technical algorithm overlay which began on 12/31/1998. Back tested performance was derived from the retroactive application of a model with the benefit of hindsight. Prior to 6/21/2006, the U.S. Treasury 2-year rate is used as the cash representative. Since 6/21/2006, the model utilizes ProShares Short S&P500 ETF (SH) to neutralize the portfolio. Performance results do not represent actual trading and they may not reflect the impact that material economic and market factors might have had on the adviser's decision-making if the adviser were actually managing clients' money. PVG Asset Management ("PVG") is a registered investment advisor with the United States Securities Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). SEC registration does not constitute an endorsement of the firm by the Commission nor does it indicate that the advisor has attained a particular level of skill or ability. Additional information is available upon request.